Point-of-Care Testing (POCT) Services Suggested Fee Guide



Description

The purpose of point-of-care testing (POCT) is to assist individuals with the management of their medication(s) to treat chronic disease.

In general, POCT services should include:

- Ensuring the specific point-of-care test is appropriate for the patient
- Explaining how the test works
- Obtaining informed consent from the patient
- Conducting POCT
- Interpretation of the test results by a Part A pharmacist
- Communication of the results and counselling of the patient and/or agent
- Documentation and communication of the results to the patient's care team

Examples of what is **NOT** included in this service:

- Medication Review
- Care Plan Preparation and Follow-Up
- Patient Consultation and Education Services
- Prescription adaptation and/or renewal services

(Note: Refer to OPA's Suggested Fee Guide for Uninsured Clinical and Professional Pharmacy Services for descriptions and more information about the above.)

Suggested Fee



\$35 Professional Service Fee + cost of materials (e.g., testing cartridges, ancillary supplies, etc.)

Pharmacists are encouraged to determine if additional services such as a publicly funded Pharmaceutical Opinion Program recommendation or MedsCheck review, or other uninsured services would be appropriate for the patient.

Rationale

Suggested fee is in alignment with remuneration provided for other publicly funded pharmacy testing services in Ontario as well as insured and uninsured services in other provincial jurisdictions.

The **technical components** of performing the point-of-care test, e.g., specimen collection, performing the test on the POCT device, etc. can be performed by Part A pharmacists, pharmacy technicians, registered pharmacy students, or interns and is estimated to require approximately 5 minutes to complete.

The **clinical components** of performing the point-of-care test, e.g., assessing to see if a test would be clinically appropriate for the patient, interpreting and communicating the test result, etc. must be performed by a Part A pharmacist and should require approximately 15 minutes to complete. (As per O. Reg. 202/94 under the *Pharmacy Act*, 1991, a Part A pharmacist is responsible for interpreting the results of a point-of-care test and making any professional decision arising from those results.)

Additional Resources

Legislative Resources:

- O. Reg. 202/94 under the *Pharmacy Act, 1991*
- O. Reg. 45/22 under the Laboratory and Specimen Collection Centre Licensing Act

Other POCT Resources:

- HbA1C/Glucose Point-of-Care Testing Clinical Tool
- Lipids Point-of-Care Testing Clinical Tool
- PT/INR Point-of-Care Testing Clinical Tool
- Point-of-Care Testing References Chart
- Point of Care Tests (Ontario College of Pharmacists (OCP))

Infection Prevention and Control (IPAC) Resources:

- Routine Practices and Additional Precautions in All Health Care Settings, 3rd Edition (Provincial Infectious Diseases Advisory Committee (PIDAC))
- Best Practices for Cleaning, Disinfection and Sterilization of Medical Equipment/Devices in All Health Care Settings, 3rd edition (Provincial Infectious Diseases Advisory Committee (PIDAC))
- Best Practices for Hand Hygiene in All Health Care Settings, 4th edition (Provincial Infectious Diseases Advisory Committee (PIDAC))
- Best Practices for Environmental Cleaning for Prevention and Control of Infections in All Health Care Settings, 3rd Edition (Provincial Infectious Diseases Advisory Committee (PIDAC))
- · Patient Safety and Infection Prevention and Control (Ontario College of Pharmacists (OCP))

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